



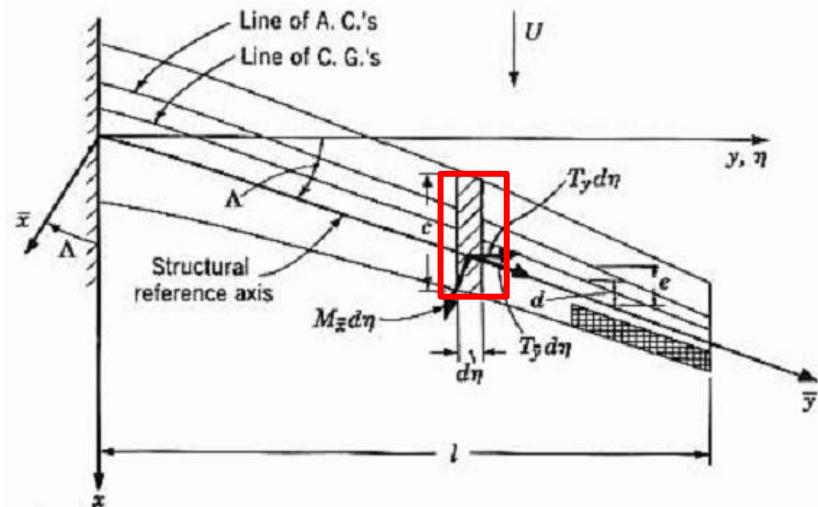
04 – The Typical Section: from 3D to 2D

Vibraciones y Aeroelasticidad
Dpto. de Vehículos Aeroespaciales
P. García-Fogeda Núñez & F. Arévalo Lozano

□ Typical Section from a finite wing:

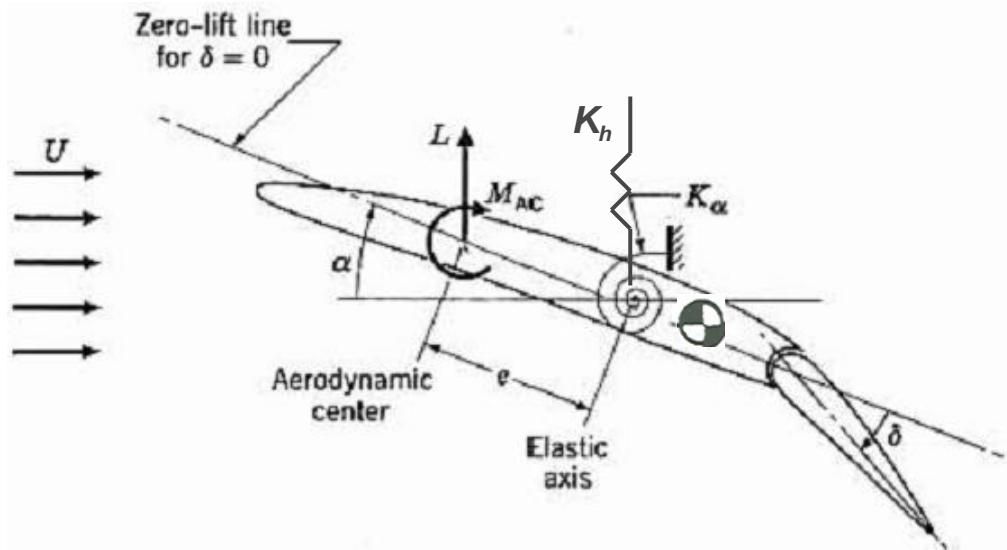
Ref: NACA Rep. 685: “Mechanism of Flutter. A Theoretical and Experimental Investigation of the Flutter Problem”; Theodorsen, T., and Garrick, I.E.

- ▶ 2D with geometry, structural, and mass properties of the 3/4 semispan location
- ▶ Span length = 1
- ▶ 2D Aerodynamics without aspect ratio corrections

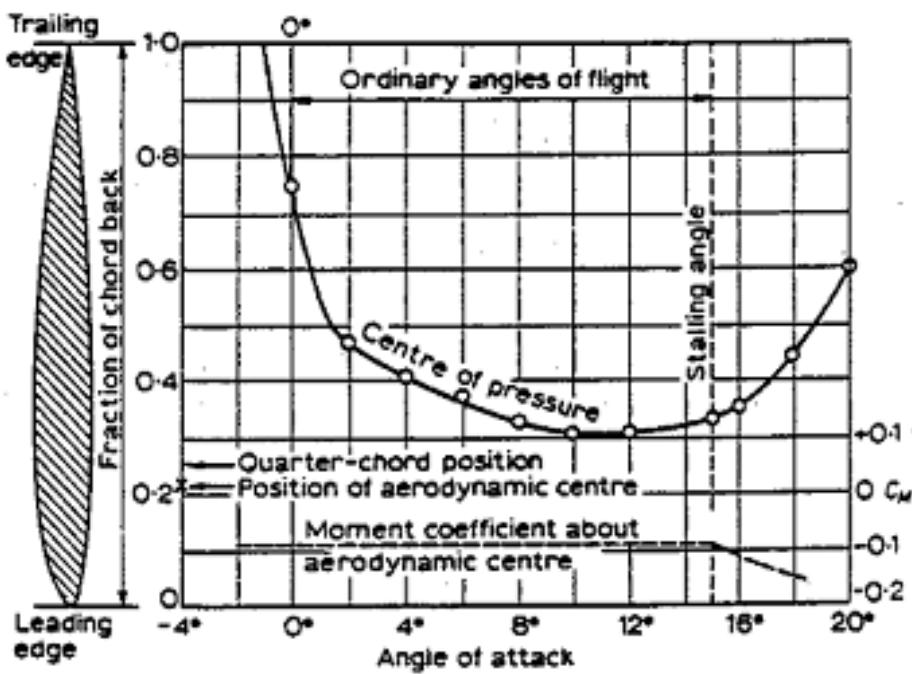
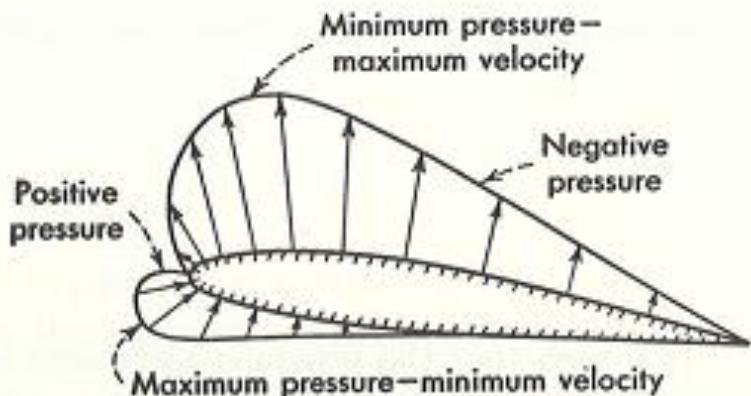


□ Concepts

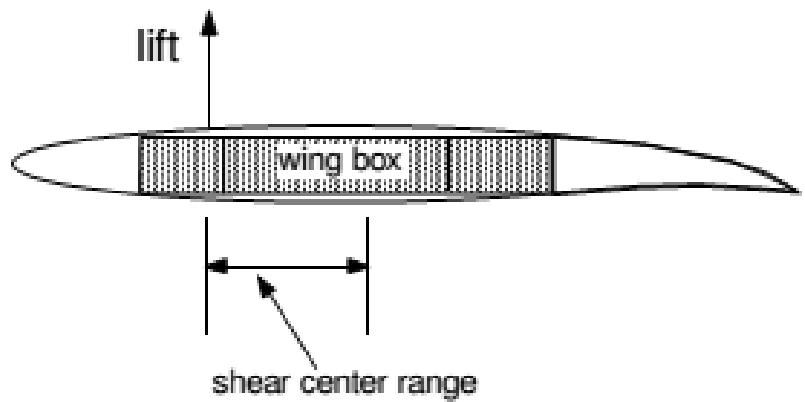
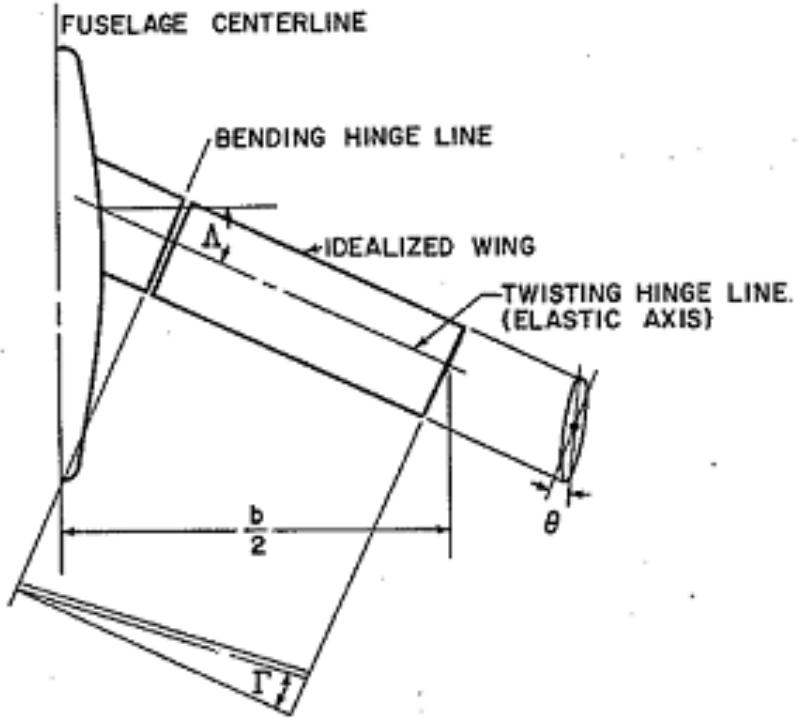
- ▶ Aerodynamic Centre (AC)
- ▶ Elastic Axis (EA)
- ▶ Centre of Gravity (CoG)
- ▶ Bending Stiffness (K_h)
- ▶ Torsion Stiffness (K_α)
- ▶ Angle of Attack (AoA)
- ▶ Control Surface Deflection (δ)



- Centre of Pressure : $C_{MCP}=0$
 - ▶ Centre of pressure moves with AoA
- Aerodynamic Centre: C_{MAC} does not change with AoA
 - ▶ Thin airfoil, incompressible flow, the aerodynamic theory places the AC at $\frac{1}{4}$ chord
 - ▶ Symmetric airfoils, the constant pitching moment is ZERO



- Shear Centre: a concentrated force causes only displacement
- Centre of Twist: a concentrated torsional moment causes only rotation
- Linear elastic structure: Shear Centre = Centre of Twist





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